IGES SECOND INTERNATIONAL FORUM ON SUSTAINABLE ASIA & PACIFIC (ISAP 2010)

IGES 第2回 持続可能なアジア太平洋に関する国際フォーラム(ISAP2010)

Opening Session Panel オープニング セッション パネル討論

Low- Carbon Energy Transformational Pathways

Creating Green Jobs; Reviving Economies, Green Growth

低炭素エネルギー転換へのアプローチ 環境分野の雇用創出、経済活性化、グリーン成長

By.

Professor Nay Htun, Ph.D State University of New York, Stony Brook ネイ・トゥーン

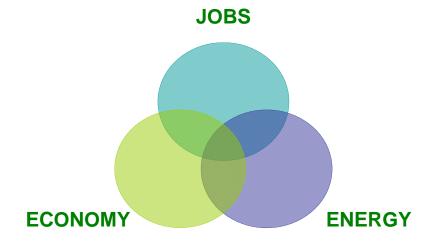
ニューヨーク州立大学ストーニーブルック校教授

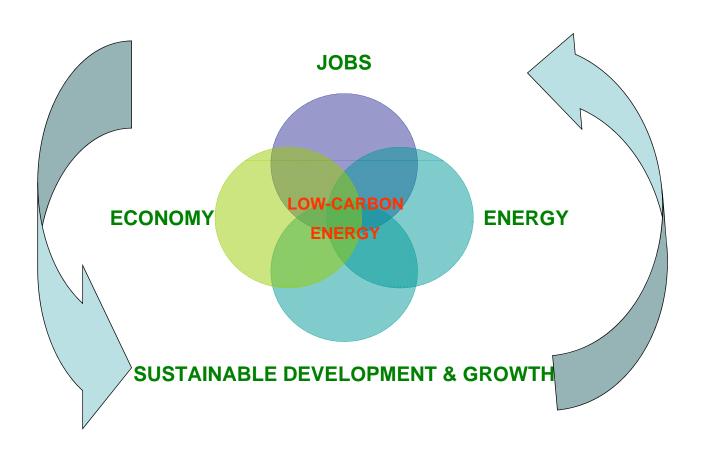
At.

Yokohama, Japan. 12 July 2010

OVERARCHING PRIORITY CONCERNS OF GENERAL PUBLIC IN US & G-20 COUNTRIES

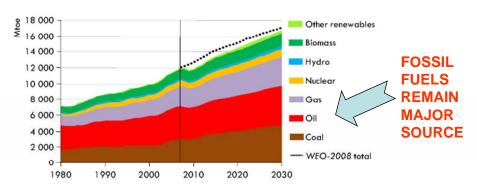
アメリカおよびG-20各国における市民の関心事







世界のエネルギー需要(レファレンスシナリオ)

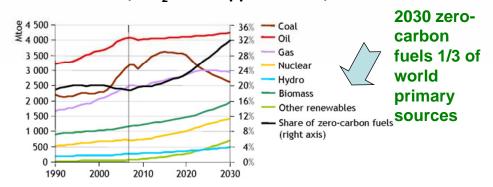


Global demand grows by 40% between 2007 and 2030, with coal use rising most in absolute terms

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World primary energy demand by fuel in the 450 Scenario

世界のエネルギー需要(CO2濃度450ppmシナリオ)

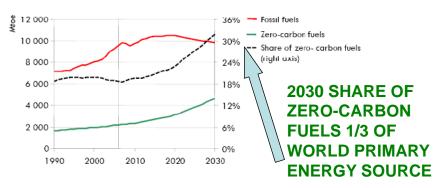


In the 450 Scenario, demand for fossil fuels peaks by 2020, and by 2030 zero-carbon fuels make up a third of the world's primary sources of energy demand

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World primary energy demand by fuel in the 450 Scenario

世界のエネルギー需要(CO₂濃度450ppmシナリオ)

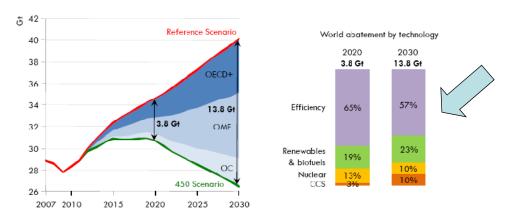


In the 450 Scenario, demand for fossil fuels peaks by 2020, and by 2030 zero-carbon fuels make up a third of the world's primary sources of energy demand

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World abatement of energy-related CO₂ emissions in the 450 Scenario

世界のエネルギー分野のCO₂排出削減(CO₂濃度450ppmシナリオ)

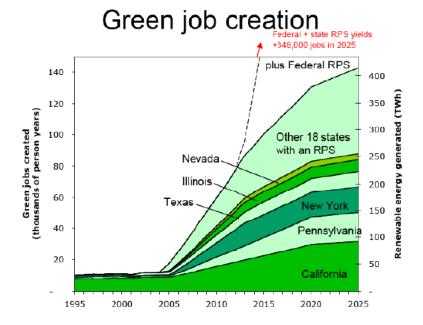


An additional \$10.5 trillion of investment is needed in total in the 450 Scenario, with measures to boost energy efficiency accounting for most of the abatement through to 2030

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Green jobs creation for selected States and for the US as a whole if 20% RPS adopted by 2020

環境関連雇用創出(2020年までにPRS(再生可能エネルギー割合基準)20%が実現した場合)



Kammnen, D.M "Green Jobs Created by Global Warming Initiative". US Senate Environment and Public Works Committee. 25 Sept 2007

"A new worldwide industry is dawning. The **global clean energy economy** experienced tremendous growth over the past five years – with **investment growth of 230 percent since 2005** – all the while weathering the recent financial downturn.

For the private sector, the clean energy economy presents a significant and expanding market opportunity. The ongoing priority for energy security, reduction of global warming pollution and creation of jobs is setting the stage for **global investment** in the clean energy sector to **grow 25 percent to a record US\$200 billion in 2010**.

In the **US**, the clean energy economy is creating well-paying jobs for people of all skill levels and educational backgrounds. By 2007, more than 68,200 businesses across all 50 states and the District of Columbia **accounted for more than 770,000 jobs**, despite a lack of sustained government support in the past decade."

PEW "Clean Energy Economy" Jun 2009

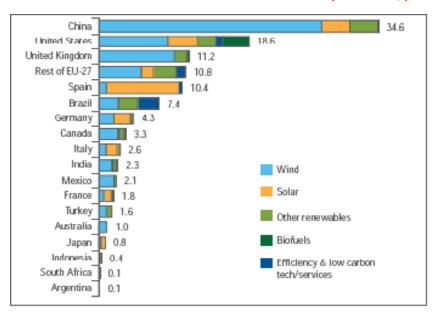
TOP TEN G-20 CLEAN ENERGY FINANCING AND INVESTMENT 2009 2009年 クリーンエネルギー関連支出・投資 トップ10(G-20)

China	\$34.6 billion
United States	\$18.6 billion
United Kingdom	\$112 billion
Rest of EU-27	\$10.8 billion
Spain	\$10.4 billion
Brazil	\$7.4 billion
Germany	\$4.3 billion
Canada	\$3.3 billion
Italy	\$2.6 billion
India	\$2.3 billion

Source: "Who's Winning the Clean Energy Race? Growth, Competition and Opportunity in World's Largest Economies" PEW March 2010

2009 INVESTMENT BY CLEAN ENERGY SECTOR (Billions US\$)

2009年 クリーンエネルギーセクターの投資 (10億US\$)



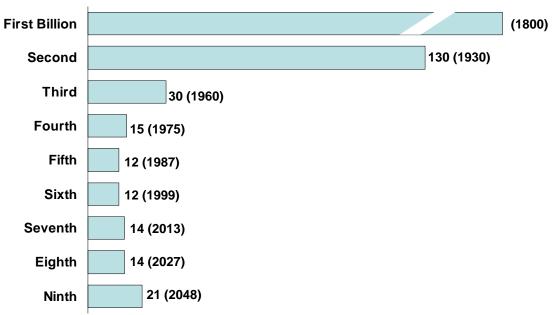
Source: "Who's Winning the Clean Energy Race? Growth, Competition and Opportunity in World's Largest Economies" PEW March 2010

- ❖The number of green jobs ranged from about 1.8 million to 2.4 million.
- * Green **manufacturing** jobs totaled between 200,000 and 240,000.
- * Green **services** jobs were much higher, and totaled between 1.4 million and 1.8 million.
- * Energy **conservation**, resource conservation and pollution control were the predominant green activities, accounting for about 80 to 90 percent of green shipments/receipts and employment.

[•]Source: US Dept of Commerce "Measuring the Green Economy" April 2009

World Population Growth, in Billions 世界の人口増加

Number of years to add each billion (year)



Sources: First and second billion: Population Reference Bureau. Third through ninth billion: United Nations, World Population Prospects: The 2004 Revision (medium scenario), 2005.

ENERGY

INCREASING DEMAND WITH POPULATION INCREASE AND ECONOMIC GROWTH

エネルギー需要は人口増加と経済発展によりさらに増加

- US\$ 20 TRILLION INVESTMENT NEEDED BY 2030 (IEA NOV 09)
- US\$ 5 TRILLION MARKET FOR GREEN ENERGY (UK WHITE PAPER OCT 09)
- 4 BILLION ELECTRICITY USERS;
- 1 TO 2 BILLION CURRENTLY NO ELECTRICITY.

LOW-CARBON ENERGY TRANSFORMATIONAL PATHWAYS

A framework for cooperation

低炭素エネルギー転換へのアプローチ・支援枠組み

• (1) TECHNOLOGY

E.g. **state-of the art** efficiency and conservation, particularly in buildings, **next generation** renewable energy. APEC Energy Ministers Fukui, Japan Declaration Jun 2010.

• (2) FINANCING

E.g. *innovative* private, public mechanism, redirecting the US\$178 trillion global capital markets; revenue neutral *carbon–tax* (31 pound sterling a tonne in 2008 would raise extra 11 billion &18 billion in 2015 & 2020; 1.2 % increase in economic performance in UK.) *Report by Cambridge Econometrics for The Economist 19 June 2010.*

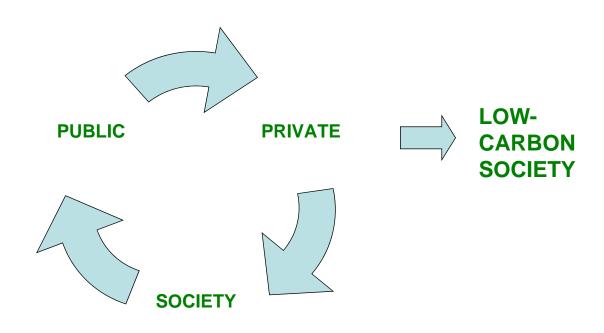
• (3) ECONOMICS

More rigorous **costs** and **benefits** data for decision making.

• (4) PARTNERSHIPS

E.g. *Novel* Public – Private – Society.

• (5) GOVERNANCE & PARTNERSHIPS PATHWAYS



LOW-CARBON ENERGY TRANSFORMATIOONAL PATHWAYS

A Framework for Cooperation. (Continued)

低炭素エネルギー転換へのアプローチ・支援枠組み

• (6) NORMATIVE MEANS

E.g. renewable energy **standards**, e.g RPS; increasing vehicle mileage, green **certification** of buildings

• (7) CAPICITY BUILDING,

E.g. Information (*how*), Education, Training for *to-day and tomorrow* imperative needs

(8) SOCIAL AND SOCIETAL DETERMINANTS

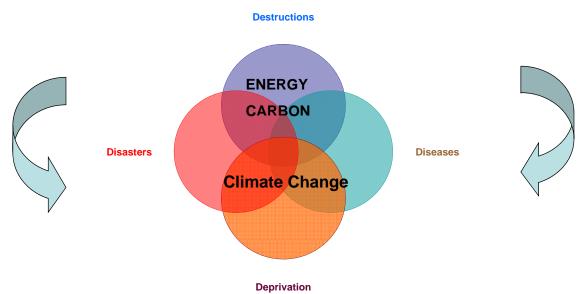
E.g. Consumption patterns, production systems. Changing **behavior** & **life styles**

• (9) **POLICY**

Integrating science, technology, societal determinants.

LOW-CARBON ENERGY PATHWAY CRITICAL FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

低炭素エネルギー転換: 持続可能な発展のために



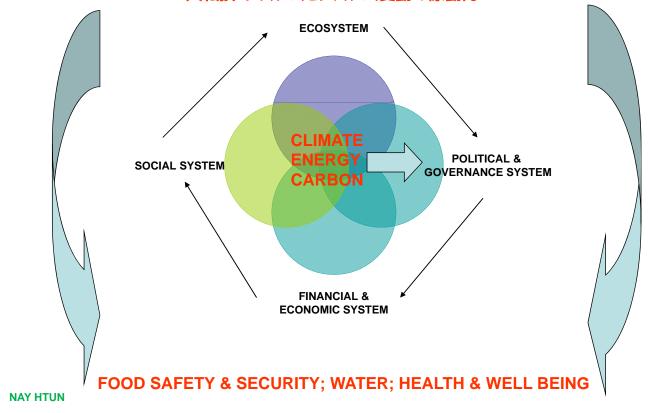
Displaced people & Refugees

Nay Htun, State University of New York, Stony Brook 2008

GREAT TRANSFORMATIONS

Systems & Systemic Drivers

大転換:システムとシステム変動の原動力



LOW-CARBON ENERGY: MEGA OPPORTUNITY OF 21ST. CENTURY FOR PARTNERSHIPS & COOPERATION TOWARDS INNOVATIVE AND TRANSFORMATIONAL PARADIGM CHANGE