里山里海サブグローバル評価

Sub-global Assessment of Satoyama and Satoumi in Japan





生物多様性を育む - 戦略的政策と協調行動 Harnessing Biodiversity: Strategic policies and concerted actions

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What are *Satoyama* and *Satoumi*? 里山・里海とは?

□ Satoyama landscape 里地里山

- Comprises human settlements and several types of ecosystems
 居住地と複数の生態系により構成される
- Formed/developed and managed through prolonged interaction between humans and ecosystems 長期的な人間社会との関わり
- More than 40 per cent of Japan's total landmass 国土の約40%を占める
- □ Satoumi landscape 里海
- extended concept of interaction in satoyama landscape 里地里山の応用
- includes marine and coastal ecosystems 海洋·海岸生態系
- similar to *satoyama* landscape in terms of its functions, use and prolonged interactive mechanisms 里地里山と機能的に類似
- Conceptual Issues
- Use of various similar terminologies 多様な類似語の使用
- Different definitions 異なる定義
- No appropriate English translation 適切な英訳が不在





Crises of Satoyama and Satoumi 里山・里海の危機

- □ Declining and disappearing multiple causes 多面的原因による減少・消滅
- Ageing, Depopulation and Rural-Urban migration 高齡化·過疎化
- Declining economic value of agricultural & forestry products, and Global trade 農林産物の価値の低下・国際貿易拡大
- Shifting trends in energy consumption エネルギー需要の転換
- Urbanization, construction and development 都市化と開発
- Invasive Alien Species 外来種
- Unclear property rights 不明瞭な土地所有権
- Abandonment 放棄地の拡大
- □ Function, use and value diminish with the decline and disappearance consequences 消滅の影響
- Impact on national / local economy. 国内・地方経済への影響
- Loss of biodiversity. 生物多様性の喪失
- Erosion of cultural heritage: traditional knowledge, diet culture, festivals 文化喪失
- Disasters (attacks by bears, destruction to crops by monkeys). 災害・野生動物による被害
- Increasing the gap between rural and urban areas.都市·農村格差
- Hindering the achievement of UN MDGs. 国連ミレニアム開発目標達成阻害
- These changes will have an impact on human well-being. 人間社会の福利に悪影響





Why a SGA of Satoyama and Satoumi 里山・里海評価の意義

- □ Initiatives and Activities Exist イニシアチブの立ち上げ
- National and local governments 中央政府·自治体
- Pilot projects by National Gov, Ordinances Satoyama centers by local governments 中央政府パイロットプロジェクト、地方の里山センター等
- Local groups and networks: 地域社会のネットワーク
- Over 1,000 groups formed in Japan to work on the issues 1000以上の団体が活動
- Research and academic institutions and scholars 研究·学術界
- Research, Satoyama nature schools 里山自然学校
- Business and Industries 產業界
- CSR activities, Eco-tourism, etc..企業の社会的責任、エコツーリズム
- □ Building synergies and streamlining existing initiatives and adding value to the information for various users 相乗効果、一体性の向上、付加価値情報の発信
- □ This is where an assessment plays a crucial role. addressing the existing gaps, but building on existing initiatives 課題解決と現行イニシアチブの拡充





Goals and Objectives 狙いと目的

- □ Goals:狙い
- Meet the needs of stakeholders, particularly decision makers, for scientific information ステークホルダーのニーズを満たす
- Enhance the capacity of stakeholders to undertake assessments and to act on their findings 能力向上
- □ Specific Objectives:目的
- Provide the scientific basis for action 科学的基礎情報
- Build awareness at local, regional, and national levels and beyond 啓発活動
- Consolidate action by numerous stakeholders and mobilize scare resources for effective and integrated ecosystem management

多数のステークホルダーの行動の強化と人的・資金的資源の捻出

Make the international commitments of Japan and support implementation of the national strategies

国際公約

- Provide inputs into the CBD COP-10 in 2010 (Nagoya, Japan) 名古屋生物多様性会議へ素材の提供
- □ Inform the next MA-type assessment 次期生態系評価へ向けて





Features of the SGA on satoyama & satoumi 里山評価の特性

- □ Integrated Assessment 統合的評価
- ecological, social, cultural, economic aspects of satoyama & satoumi
- □ Multidisciplinary 学際的
- social sciences and natural sciences
- □ Multi-stakeholder 多数関係者
- National and local governments, businesses, research and academic institutions, NGOs, local communities and international organizations
- To be owned and lead by the users/stakeholders. 利用者主導



Senmaida Rice Terrace in the Noto Peninsula of Ishikawa Prefecture stretching down to the coastline of the Sea of Japan.

日本海に面する石川県能登半島の棚田



