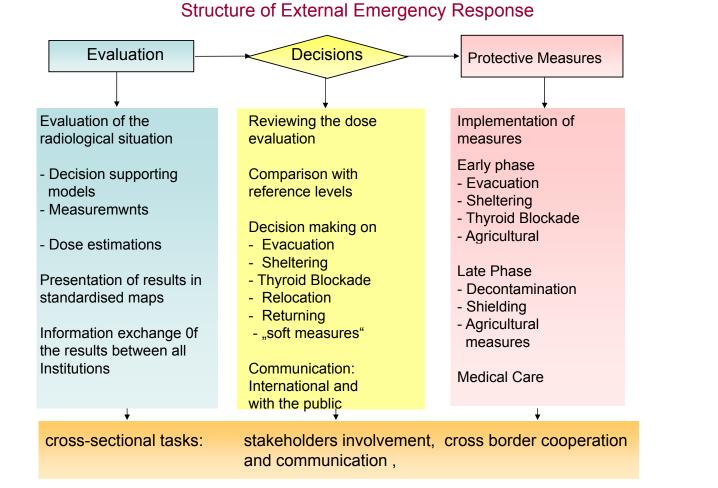


Erich Wirth Bundesamt für Strahlenschutz, 79098 Freiburg, Germany





Evaluation of the Radiological Situation

What must decision makers know for making decisions? (= Information which has to be provided in any accident)

- Which areas are (will be) affected?
- Radionuclides of importance and amount of contamination (Te-132/I131, I-131, Cs-134/137)
- Present and future doses to man in the affected areas

These are the essential information for all kind of accidents!!!!

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"Integrated Measurement and Information System (IMIS)"

was founded in Germany to evaluate the radiological situation in the environment

IMIS is a cooperation of

about 60 Laboratories for environmental measurements about 20 national offices about 20 ministries....I

IMIS is operated by the Federal Office for Radiation Protection

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Basic Components of IMIS

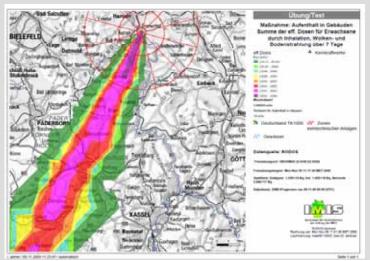
Decision supporting models (RODOS) Monitoring systems Central data bank Tools for presentation of results Electronic situation display

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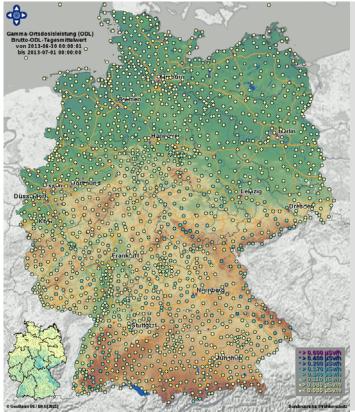
Decision Supporting Model - RODOS Input data:

Weather parameter *(German weather service)* Source term *(Licensee or institute for reactor safety GRS)* Measured data for data assimilation *(e.g. ambient dose rates)*









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Monitoring systems

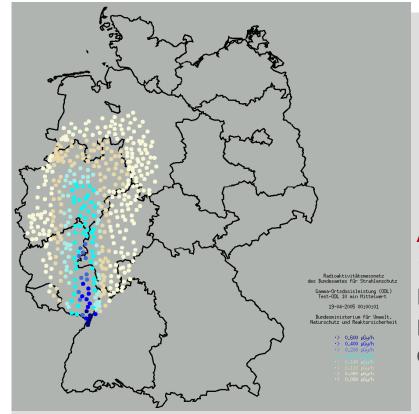
Automatic systems

Ambient dose rate (1800 stations) http://odlinfo.bfs.de/

Radionuclides in

- 1. Air (52 stations)
- 2. Rivers (40 stations)
- 3. Sea((13 stations)





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Ambient dose rate 1800 stations Frequenz: 10min

Dispersion of the cloud on line





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 In-situ-Messfahrzeug

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Measurement strategy - summarised

Time scale	Objective of measurements	Measurements	Benefit
Before releases	Affected areas (+dose to man)	Meteorological parameters (+source term)	Affected areas (+dose to man)
During cloud's passage	Observe dispersion, contaminated area	Automatic, ambient dose rate 10 min	Ambient dose rate map, 1st review on protective measures
	Radionulide spectrum, amount of RN	RN conc. in air, automatic systems	Inhalation dose, review of protective measures, thyroid blockade

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Measurement strategy summarised

Medsurement strategy summanised					
Time scale	Objective	Measurements	Benefit		
After the passage of a cloud	To identify contaminated aeras	Ambient dose rate (Network, helicopter, vehicles)	Ambient dose rate maps		
	Nuclide-specific contamination pattern	In-situ Measurements	ODL + in-situ Contamination maps		
	Contamination of food and feed	Nuclidspecific α-, β and γ- measurements in laboratories	contamination maps of food and feed, decisions on food and feed banning		







What to do with the measurement data?

- A nation wide central data bank
- data are proofed, verified, compiled and documented
- documents in forms of tables and maps are created precise and easy understandable also for non experts

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Nation wide central data bank

Standards

unique data formate,

unique units

data base model to be established

transfer procedere to be established

Import / export tools: web services or ftp file transfer GIS - geographical information systeme



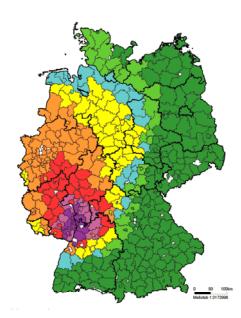
Presentation of data - Countermeasure-related

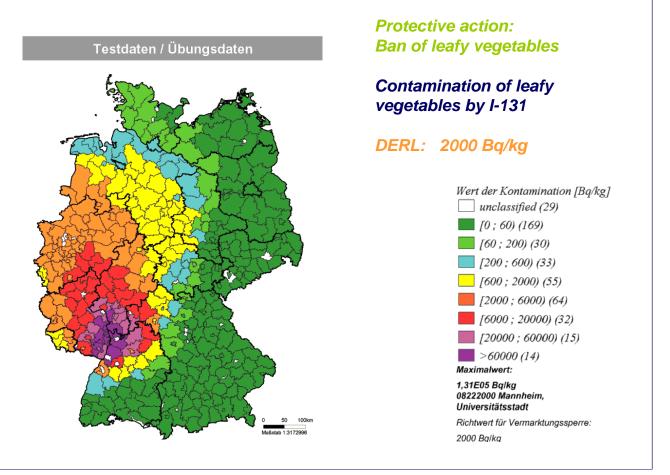
Objectivs: Presentation of measured or calculated data in maps, high-lightning affected areas where countermeasures have to be applied.

Principles:

Comparison of the the measured or calculated data with:

- intervention levels
- countermeasure related intervention levels





Exercise



Countermeasure: Sheltering

Extern exposure within 7 days and committed dose from inhalalation during this period

intervention level: 10 mSv



No countermeasures necessary

Transfer of data and documents

Objectives:

All information which are needed in the decision making process have to be transferred:

- Fast
- Available for all people involved at the same time
- Well structured





Electronic Situation Display (ELAN) – Free of charge

