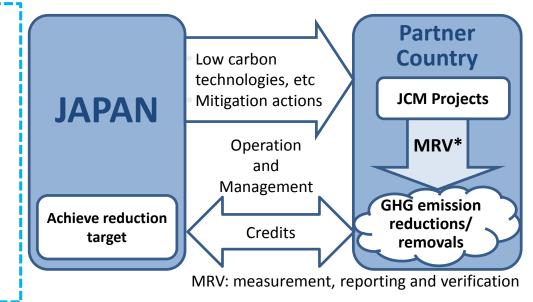
Joint Crediting Mechanism (JCM)

- Facilitating diffusion of leading low carbon technologies
- Evaluating GHG emission reductions to achieve emission reduction target
- Contributing to the ultimate objective of the UNFCCC

Progress:

- 17 partner countries with137projects in the pipeline
- 11,469 credits issued from 15 projects
- 10 million GHG emission reductions expected to be achieved by 2030



(Example of pipeline projects)









JCM Partner Countries

➤ Japan has held consultations for the JCM with developing countries since 2011 and has established the JCM with Mongolia, Bangladesh, Ethiopia, Kenya, Maldives, Viet Nam, Lao PDR, Indonesia, Costa Rica, Palau, Cambodia, Mexico, Saudi Arabia, Chile, Myanmar, Thailand and the Philippines.



<u>Mongolia</u> Jan. 8, 2013 (Ulaanbaatar)



Bangladesh Mar. 19, 2013 (Dhaka)



Ethiopia
May 27, 2013
(Addis Ababa)



Kenya Jun. 12,2013 (Nairobi)



<u>Maldives</u> Jun. 29, 2013 (Okinawa)



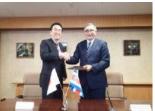
<u>Viet Nam</u> Jul. 2, 2013 (Hanoi)



Lao PDR Aug. 7, 2013 (Vientiane)



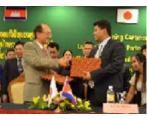
Indonesia Aug. 26, 2013 (Jakarta)



Costa Rica Dec. 9, 2013 (Tokyo)



<u>Palau</u> Jan. 13, 2014 (Ngerulmud)



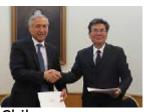
Cambodia
Apr. 11, 2014
(Phnom Penh)



Mexico Jul. 25, 2014 (Mexico City)



Saudi Arabia May 13, 2015



Chile May 26, 2015 (Santiago)



Myanmar Sep. 16, 2015 (Nay Pyi Taw)



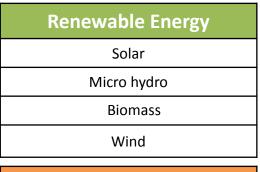
Thailand Nov. 19, 2015 (Tokyo)



the Philippines
Jan. 12, 2017
(Manila)

Technologies Transferred through JCM(FY2013-2018)

- ◆ Total of 127 JCM Model Projects being developed in 17 partner countries
- ◆ 55% are energy efficiency and 34% are renewable energy while 7% are co-generation system
- ◆ Transport, waste to energy and REDD+ project shares 4%





Co-generation System

Transport

Digital Tachographs

Modal Shift

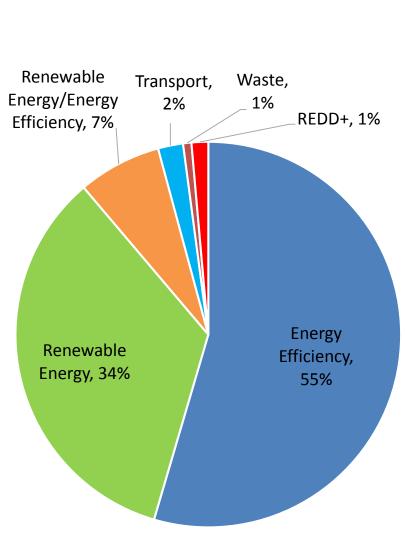
CNG-Diesel Hybrid

Waste

Waste to Energy

REDD+

Controlling Slush and burn



Energy efficiency
Looms
Equipment
Boiler
Burner
Electrolysis tank
LED
Production line
Optimization
Pump
Heat pump/Water heater
Air-conditioning
Refrigerating
Transmission/Transformer
LED Streetlights
Smart Grid

As of June 25, 2018

Issuance of JCM Credits

- ◆ Total of 13 projects issued credits under the JCM
- ◆ Total amount of credits issued are 11,081 t-CO2

	Amounts of credits issued (tCO2) Notification		tCO2)	
Country	date		Japanese government	Partner government
Indonesia	2016/05/12 2018/07/10	357	186	123
Mongolia	2016/09/29 2017/10/24	9,104	6,372	1,821
VietNam	2017/10/10	439	277	45
Palau	2016/12/19 2018/01/30	881	659	222
Thailand	2018/04/20	300	151	0

Progress of Joint Committee Meeting (Sep. 2017-July. 2018)

1 Togicos of Joint Committee Meeting (Sep. 2017 July, 2010)				
Date	Partner Country	Main Topic		
2017/09/11	Mexico	Methodology approval, TPE additional scope		
2017/09/15	Cambodia	Project registration, JCM REDD+, TPE additional scope		
2017/10/03	Saudi Arabia	Methodology approval, TPE designation		
2017/10/10	Vietnam	Methodology approval, Project registration, Credit issuance		
2017/10/24	Mongolia	Credit issuance		
2017/12/07	Indonesia	Methodology approval, Project registration		
2017/12/19	Chile	Methodology approval, TPE additional scope		
2018/01/10	Bangladesh	Methodology revision, Project registration, TPE additional scope		
2018/01/30	Palau	Credit issuance		
2018/02/09	Philippines	Adoption of rules and guidelines		
2018/03/19	Maldives	Project Registration		
2018/03/21	Myanmar	First methodology approval		
2018/04/20	Thailand	Methodology approval, Project registration, Credit issuance		
2018/05/30	Cambodia	Project registration, JCM REDD+ Guidelines approved		
2018/07/10	Indonesia	Methodology approval, Project registration, Credit issuance		

JCM REDD-plus Rules and Guidelines

Rules and Guidelines for JCM REDD-plus adopted at 4th Joint Committee in Phnom Penh (30 May, 2018)

- ◆New set of rules, guidelines, and forms specifically developed for REDD-plus
- ◆Setting requirements, which are specific to REDD-plus, based on UNFCCC decisions and requirements in other schemes
- Harmonization of national/sub-national REDD-plus policy/program and JCM-REDD-plus
- JCM Project Cycle Procedure for REDD-plus
- JCM Guidelines for Developing Proposed Methodology for REDD-plus
- JCM Guidelines for Developing Project Design Document and Monitoring Report for REDD-plus
- JCM Guidelines for Addressing and Respecting Safeguards for REDDplus
- JCM Guidelines for Validation and Verification for REDD-plus

Japan's NDC (Excerpt)

Japan's NDC

O Japan's NDC towards post-2020 GHG emission reductions is at the level of a reduction of 26.0% by fiscal year (FY) 2030 compared to FY 2013 (25.4% reduction compared to FY 2005) (approximately 1.042 billion t-CO2eq. as 2030 emissions), ensuring consistency with its energy mix, set as a feasible reduction target by bottom-up calculation with concrete policies, measures and individual technologies taking into adequate consideration, *inter alia*, technological and cost constraints, and set based on the amount of domestic emission reductions and removals assumed to be obtained.

Information to facilitate clarity, transparency and understanding

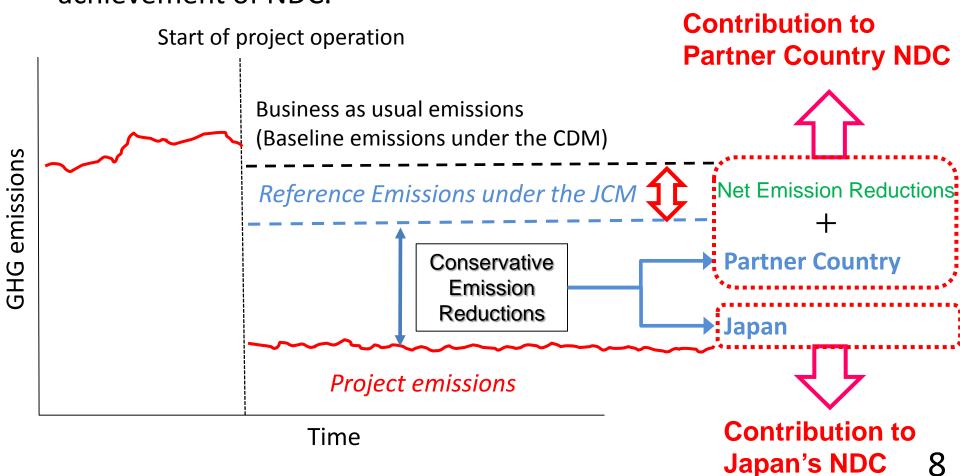
O The JCM is not included as a basis of the bottom-up calculation of Japan's emission reduction target, but the amount of emission reductions and removals acquired by Japan under the JCM will be appropriately counted as Japan's reduction.

Reference information GHG emissions and removals JCM and other international contributions

- O Japan establishes and implements the JCM in order both to appropriately evaluate contributions from Japan to GHG emission reductions or removals in a quantitative manner achieved through the diffusion of low carbon technologies, products, systems, services, and infrastructure as well as implementation of mitigation actions in developing countries, and to use them to achieve Japan's emission reduction target.
- O Apart from contributions achieved through private-sector based projects, accumulated emission reductions or removals by FY 2030 through governmental JCM programs to be undertaken within the government's annual budget are estimated to be ranging from 50 to 100 million t-CO₂.

JCM's Contribution to NDC

- JCM's conservative emission reduction calculation (reference emissions below BaU emissions) will ensure a net decrease and/or avoidance of GHG emissions.
- This part of emission reductions will automatically contribute to the achievement of NDC.



JCM Model Projects by MOE

The budget for projects starting from FY 2018 is 6.9 billion JPY (approx. USD 69million) in total by FY2020

(1 USD = 100 JPY)

Finance part of an investment cost (less than half)





Includes collaboration with projects supported by JICA and other governmental-affiliated financial institute.

Conduct MRV and expected to deliver at least half of JCM credits issued

International consortiums (which include Japanese entities)







- Scope of the financing: facilities, equipment, vehicles, etc. which reduce CO₂ from fossil fuel combustion as well as construction cost for installing those facilities, etc.
- ➤ Eligible Projects: starting installation after the adoption of the financing and finishing installation within three years.

JCM F-gas Recovery and Destruction Model Project by MOE

Budget for FY 2018 40 million JPY (approx. 0.4 million USD) (1 USD = 100 JPY)

Government of Japan

Conduct MRV to estimate GHG emission reductions.

Finance part of the cost in flat-rate (up to 40 million JPY/year)

At least half or ratio of financial support to project cost (larger ratio will be applied) of JCM credits issued are expected to be delivered to the government of Japan

International consortiums (which include Japanese entities)

Manufacturers of equipment which uses F-gas

Users of equipment which uses F-gas

Entities for recovery and transportation of used F-gas (recycling or scrap entities)

Entities for destruction of used F-gas (may use existing facility for destruction)

Purpose

To recover and destroy F-gas (GHG except for energy-related CO2, etc) from used equipment instead of releasing to air, and reduce emissions

Scope of Financing

- Establish scheme for recovery and destruction
- •Install facilities/equipment for recovery/destruction
- •Implementation of recovery, transportation, destruction and monitoring

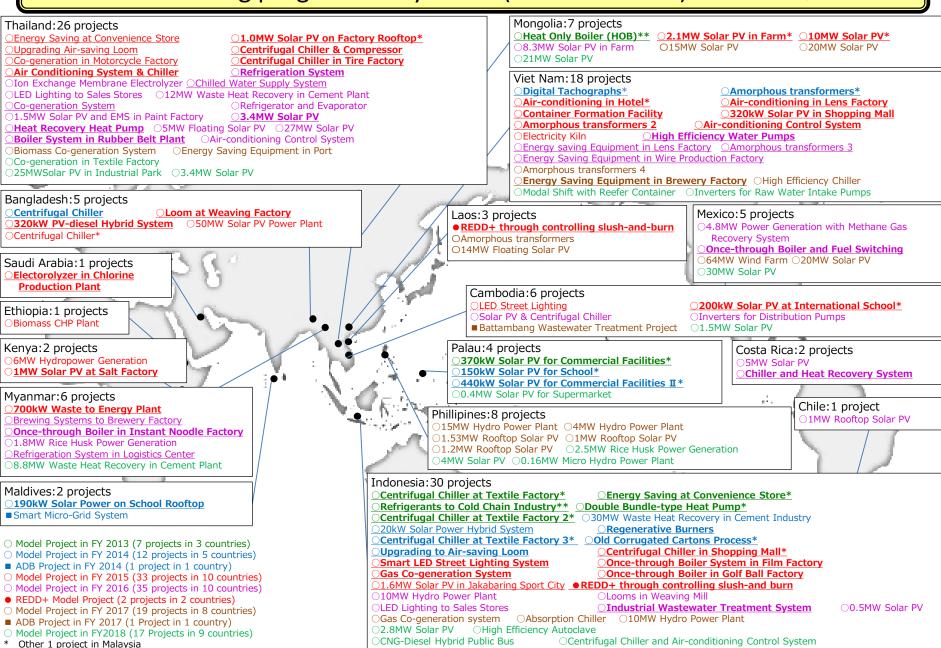
Project Period

Three years in maximum (Ex. 1st year for scheme, 2nd year for facilities, 3rd year for recovery/destruction)

Eligible Projects

- After the adoption of financing, start implementation of recovery/destruction within three years
- •Aim for the registration as JCM project and issuance credits

JCM Financing programme by MOEJ (FY2013 ~ 2018) as of June 25, 2018



Total 127 projects in 17 partner countries

Underlined projects have started operation (68 projects, including 1 partially started projects)

Projects with * have been registered as JCM projects (25 projects)

JCM model projects selected for FY2018 (First selection)

	Partner Country	Project	Sector	Estimated GHG emission reduction [tCO2/year]
1	Indonesia	Energy Saving by Introducing High Efficiency Autoclave to Infusion Manufacturing Factory	Energy efficiency	1,950
2	Indonesia	Introduction of 2.8MW Solar Power System in Healthcare and Food Factories	Renewable energy	2,446
3	Indonesia	Introduction of CNG-Diesel Hybrid Equipment to Public Bus in Semarang	Transportation	1,870
4	Indonesia	Energy Saving for Air-conditioning System of Shopping Mall by High Efficiency Centrifugal Chiller and Air- conditioning Control System	Energy efficiency	1,501
5	Mongolia	21MW Solar Power Project in Bayanchandmani	Renewable Energy	27,008
6	Palau	Introduction of 0.4MW Rooftop Solar Power System in Supermarket	Renewable Energy	296

JCM model projects selected for FY2018 (First selection)

	Partner Country	Project	Sector	Estimated GHG emission [tCO2/year]
7	Vietnam	Modal Shift from Truck to Cargo Ship with Freshness Preservation Reefer Container	Transport	11,025
8	Vietnam	Energy Saving by Introduction of Inverters for Raw Water Intake Pumps	Energy Efficiency Improvement	1,043
9	Cambodia	1.5MW Solar Power Project in Kampong Thom	Renewable Energy	831
10	Mexico	30MW Solar Park Project in Guanajuato	Renewable Energy	36,037
11	Myanmar	Introduction of 8.8MW Power Generation System by Waste Heat Recovery for Cement Plant	Renewable Energy	19,241

JCM model projects selected for FY2018 (First selection)

	Partner Country	Project	Sector	Estimated GHG emission [tCO2/year]
12	Thailand	Introduction of Gas Co-generation System and Absorption Chiller to Fiber Factory	Energy Efficiency Improvement /Renewable Energy	17,851
13	Thailand	25MW Rooftop and Floating Solar Power Project in Industrial Park	Renewable energy	10,620
14	Thailand	Introduction of 3.4 MW Rooftop Solar Power System in Technical Center and Office Buildings	Renewable energy	1,617
15	Philippines	2.5MW Rice Husk Power Generation Project in Butuan City, Mindanao	Renewable Energy	5,118
16	Philippines	Introduction of 4MW Rooftop Solar Power System in Tire Factory	Renewable Energy	2,858
17	Philippines	0.16MW Micro Hydro Power System in Taguibo Water Supply Facility, Mindanao	Renewable Energy	682

Expected schedule of JCM financing programme in FY2018

[JCM Model Project]

(Includes collaboration with projects supported by JICA and other governmental-affiliated financial institute)

Items	Date
Starting date of 2 nd call for request	End of Aug, 2018
Deadline for entities to submit their application	End of Nov, 2018
Announcement of selection	At any time upon selection

[JCM F-gas Recovery and Destruction Model Project]

Items	Date
Starting date of call for request	14 th June, 2018
Deadline for entities to submit their application	17 th July, 2018
Announcement of selection	Middle of Aug, 2018

[ADB Trust Fund (JFJCM)]

ltems	Date
Call for request	All year round
Selection of projects	All year round

Business Model Case①: Replicating through Standard & Institutional Arrangement

- Company succeeded to implement leading low carbon technologies through the JCM.
- Using the project as a showcase, their business was developed in ASEAN countries.
- Further business development is expected through the establishment of energy efficiency standard s and relevant institutional arrangements

Myanmar: 2 JCM model projects (2016) Thailand:7 projects (2015,2016) JCM model project Viet Nam:3 projects (2016,2017) Demonstration of energy efficiency effects Establish standards & institutional arrangements Regulations Standards Taxes Business development in other countries, sectors

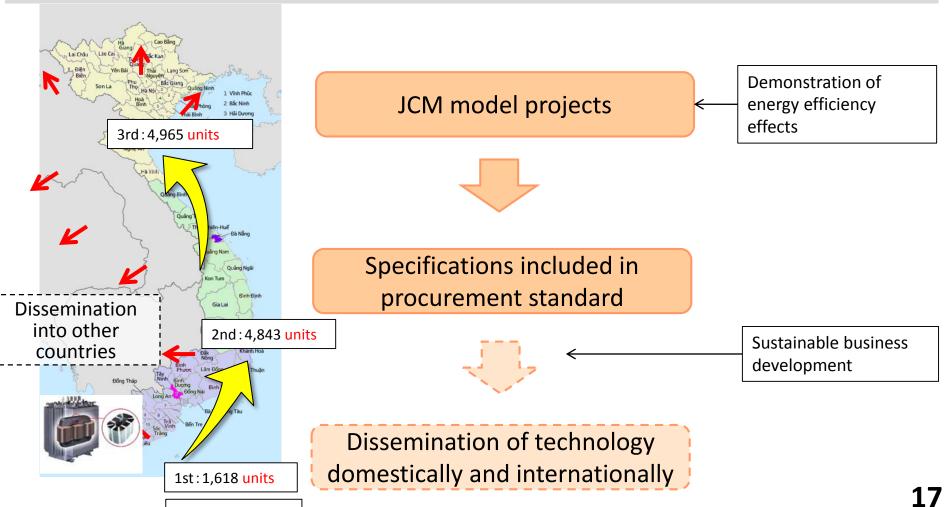
Indonesia:6 projects (2013-2017)

Chillers/Refrigerator

Business Model Case2: Replicating through specific actions

- Company succeeded to introduce amorphous high efficiency transformers all over Viet Nam through the JCM
- Local energy distribution company included specifications for hiring the technology in its procurement standard based on understanding on its effectiveness
- Further business development is happening in other countries (e.g. Lao PDR)

4th · 2 145 units

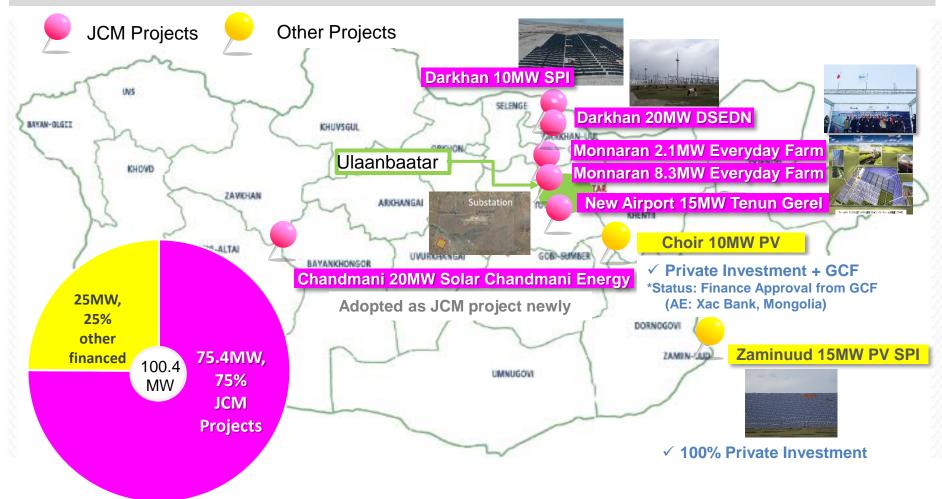


The Case of JCM's Contribution to NDC (Mongolia)



- Emission reduction of 14% is aimed to be realized by 2030 in total national GHG emissions, compared to the projected emissions under BAU scenario.
- In energy sector, the share of renewable electricity capacity to be increased up to 30% of total electricity generation capacity by 2030, from 7.62% in 2014.

75% of solar PV power facilities so far have been installed by the JCM as of June 2018



^{*}JCM related Contribution for NDC in Mongolia: 75 MW

^{*}Private Investment PV Project by the trigger of successful JCM projects: 25MW