



SDGs Progress in Asia-Pacific: Accelerating Actions for the Goals

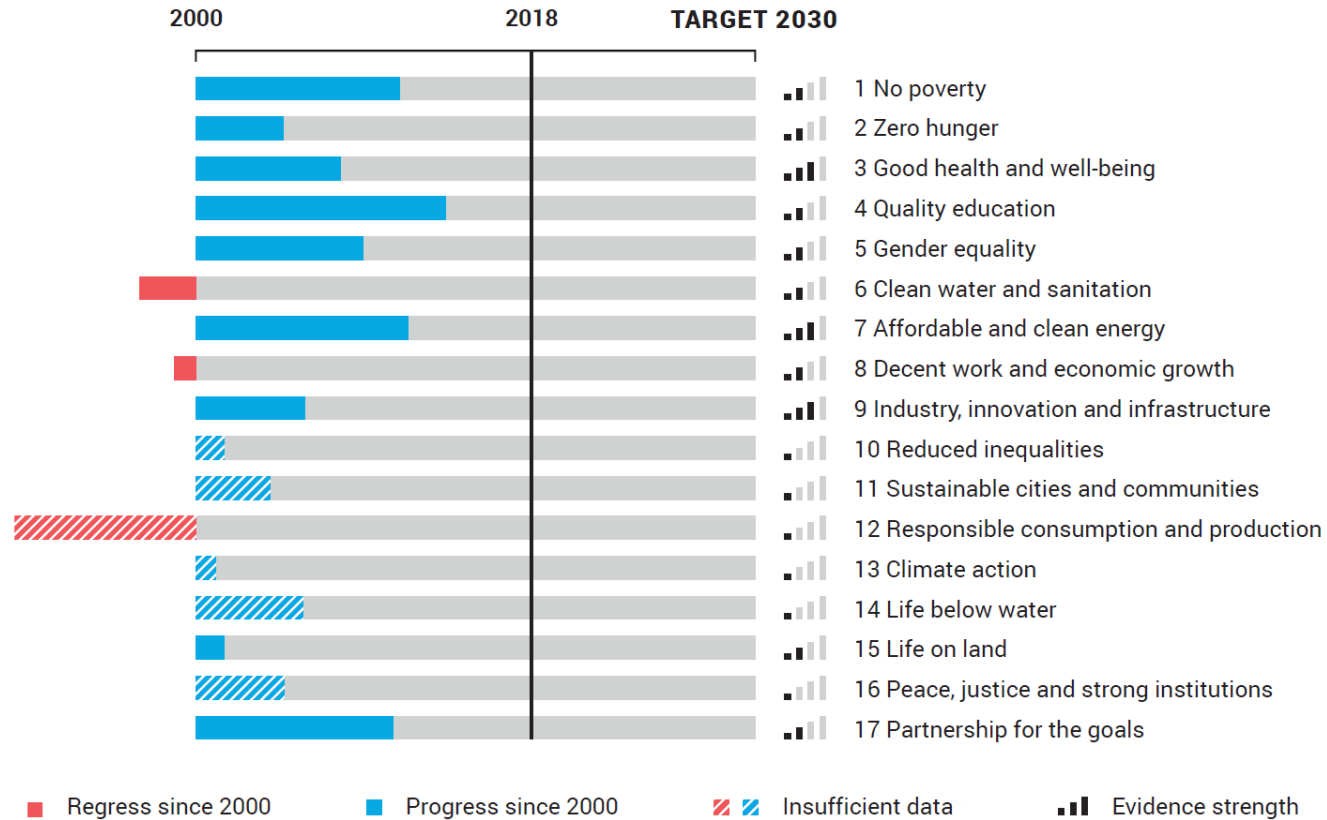
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1. IS ASIA AND THE PACIFIC ON TRACK WITH THE SDGs?

Progress so far



Source: ESCAP SDG Gateway



Anticipated progress in 2030

Goal	Indicator	Indicator	Indicator	Indicator	Indicator	Indicator	Indicator	Indicator	Indicator	Indicator	Indicator	Indicator	Indicator	Indicator
Goal 1	1.1 International poverty	1.2 National poverty	1.a Resources mobilization	1.5 Resilience of vulnerable	1.3 Social protection	1.4 Equal rights	1.b Sound Policy frameworks							
Goal 2	2.1 Food security	2.2 Malnutrition	2.3 Agricultural productivity	2.a Investment in agriculture	2.5 Genetic diversity	2.4 Sustainable food production	2.b Trade restrictions in ...	2.c Food commodity markets						
Goal 3	3.1 Maternal mortality	3.2 Neonatal & child mortality	3.b R&D of medicines	3.d Risk management ...	3.9 Health impact of pollution	3.3 Communicable diseases	3.4 NCD & mental health	3.7 Sexual & reproductive health	3.6 Road traffic accidents	3.c Health financing	3.8 Health coverage	3.5 Substance abuse	3.a Tobacco Control	
Goal 4	4.c Qualified teachers	4.1 Effective learning outcome	4.6 Adult literacy & numeracy	4.2 Early childhood development	4.3 TVET & tertiary education	4.5 Equal access to education	4.4 Skills for employment	4.7 Knowledge & skills on SD	4.a Education facilities	4.b Scholarships available				
Goal 5	5.5 Women in leadership	5.1 Discrimination against women ...	5.2 Violence against women & girls	5.3 Early marriage	5.4 Unpaid work	5.6 Reproductive health & rights	5.a Equal economic rights	5.b Use of technology	5.c Gender equality policies					
Goal 6	6.2 Sanitation & hygiene	6.1 Safe drinking water	6.4 Water-use efficiency	6.6 Water-related ecosystems	6.3 Water quality	6.5 Water resources management	6.a International cooperation	6.b Participation of local communities						
Goal 7	7.1 Access to energy services	7.3 Energy efficiency	7.2 Renewable energy	7.a International cooperation	7.b Energy infrastructure									
Goal 8	8.6 Youth NEET	8.8 Labour rights	8.5 Employment & decent work	8.10 Capacity of financial institutions	8.4 Global resource efficiency	8.2 Economic diversification ...	8.1 Per capita economic growth	8.3 Development-oriented policies	8.7 Child & forced labour	8.9 Sustainable tourism	8.a Aid for Trade	8.b Youth employment...		
Goal 9	9.c Access to ICT	9.4 Upgrade infrastructure	9.5 Research & tech capabilities	9.1 Infrastructure development	9.b Domestic technology ...	9.2 Industrialization	9.3 Access to financial services	9.a Resilient infrastructure						
Goal 10	10.1 Income growth (bottom 40%)	10.c Transaction costs of remittances	10.2 Inclusion (social, economic...)	10.4 Fiscal & social protection policies	10.3 Inequalities of income	10.5 Global financial markets	10.6 Inclusive global governance	10.7 Safe migration & mobility	10.a Differential treatment for ...	10.b ODA & financial flows				
Goal 11	11.1 Housing & basic services	11.2 Transport systems	11.6 Air quality & waste management	11.5 Resilience to natural disasters	11.3 Urbanization (inclusive ...)	11.4 Protect cultural & natural heritage	11.7 Green & public spaces	11.a Urban planning	11.b Disaster risk management ...	11.c Sustainable & resilient buildings				
Goal 12	12.2 Sustainable use of natural resources	12.4 Managing chemicals & wastes	12.1 Sustainable consumption & ...	12.3 Food waste & losses	12.5 Reducing waste generation	12.6 Sustainability information ...	12.7 Public procurement ...	12.8 Information on SD	12.a Capacity (scientific ...)	12.b Sustainable tourism	12.c Fossil-fuel subsidies			
Goal 13	13.2 Climate change policies ...	13.1 Resilience & adaptive capacity	13.3 Climate change awareness	13.a Needs of developing countries	13.b Capacity for planning ...									
Goal 14	14.5 Conservation of coastal areas	14.2 Marine & coastal ecosystem	14.1 Marine pollution	14.3 Ocean acidification	14.4 Destructive fishing	14.6 Fisheries subsidies	14.7 Marine resources in SIDS	14.a Research capacity & marine ...	14.b Small-scale artisanal fishers	14.c Implementing international law				
Goal 15	15.2 Forests management	15.4 Mountain ecosystems	15.5 Loss of biodiversity	15.1 Terrestrial & inland freshwater	15.3 Desertification	15.6 Utilization of genetic resource	15.7 Protected species	15.8 Invasive alien species	15.9 National & local planning	15.a Financial resources	15.b Resource mobilization	15.c Trafficking of protected species		
Goal 16	16.1 Reduction violence	16.b Non-discriminatory laws	16.2 Violence against children	16.3 Justice for all	16.4 Illicit financial & arms flows	16.5 Corruption and bribery	16.6 Effective institutions	16.7 Inclusive decision-making	16.8 Inclusive global governance	16.9 Legal identity	16.10 Public access to information	16.a Violence, terrorism & crime		
Goal 17	17.19 Statistical capacity	17.8 Technological capacity-building	17.4 Debt sustainability	17.11 Exports of developing countries	17.10 Multilateral trading	17.9 Capacity building for SDGs	17.6 International cooperation	17.1 Tax & other revenue	17.3 Additional financial resources	17.2 Commitment by developed ...	17.5 Investment promotion for LDCs	17.7 Transfer of technologies	17.12 Duty-free market access	
	17.13 Global macroeconomic ...	17.14 Policy coherence for SD	17.15 Country's policy space	17.16 Global partnership for SD	17.17 Partnerships (public, private ...)	17.18 Data availability								

● MAINTAIN progress to achieve target































● ACCELERATE progress to achieve target

● REVERSE trend to achieve target

○ Insufficient data

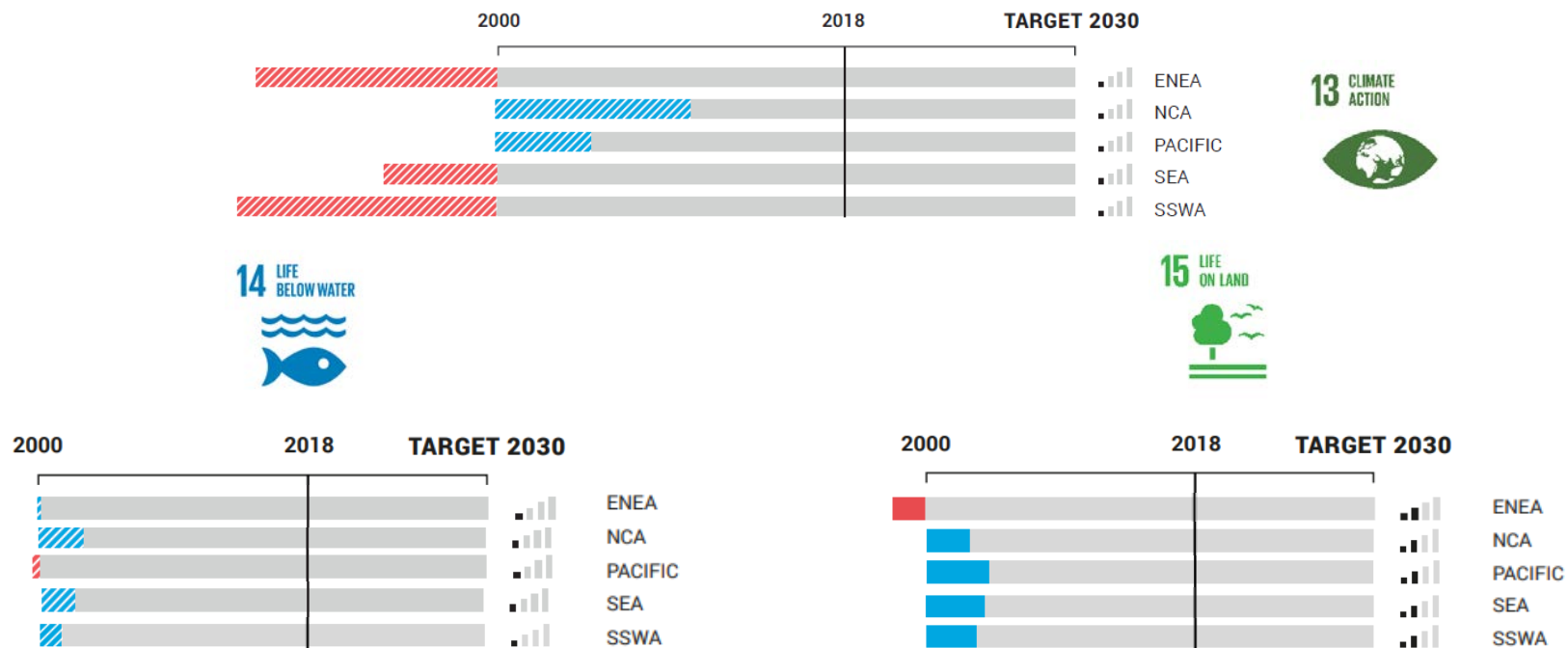
Source: ESCAP SDG Gateway

Mixed results per subregion

	Progress	Regress
East and North-East Asia	<p>1 NO POVERTY</p>  <p>4 QUALITY EDUCATION</p>  <p>9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE</p> 	<p>11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES</p>  <p>13 CLIMATE ACTION</p>  <p>15 LIFE ON LAND</p> 
North and Central Asia	<p>4 QUALITY EDUCATION</p>  <p>6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION</p>  <p>10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES</p> 	<p>5 GENDER EQUALITY</p>  <p>8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH</p>  <p>11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES</p> 
Pacific	<p>3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING</p>  <p>9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE</p>  <p>12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION</p> 	<p>2 ZERO HUNGER</p>  <p>8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH</p>  <p>16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS</p> 
South-East Asia	<p>4 QUALITY EDUCATION</p>  <p>7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY</p>  <p>9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE</p> 	<p>8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH</p>  <p>13 CLIMATE ACTION</p>  <p>16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS</p> 
South and South-West Asia	<p>3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING</p>  <p>4 QUALITY EDUCATION</p>  <p>7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY</p> 	<p>6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION</p>  <p>12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION</p>  <p>13 CLIMATE ACTION</p> 

Source: Asia and the Pacific SDG Progress Report 2019

Little progress on ENVIRONMENT across subregions

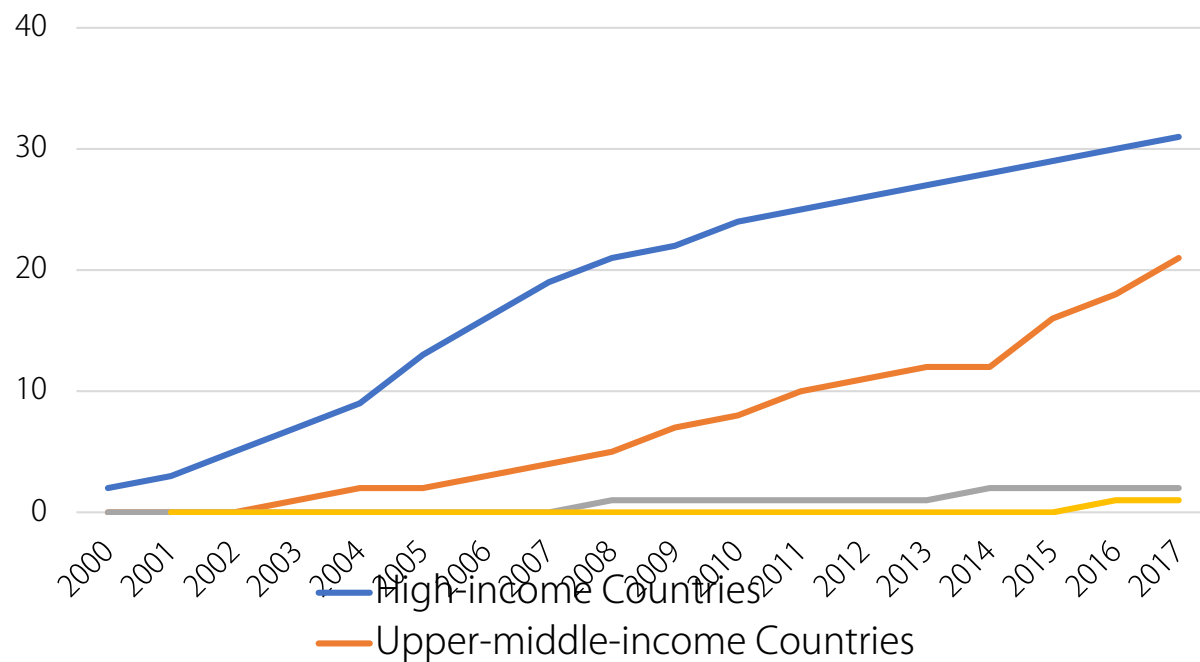


Source: Asia and the Pacific SDG Progress Report 2019



2. HOW CAN ASIA AND THE PACIFIC ACCELERATE PROGRESS?

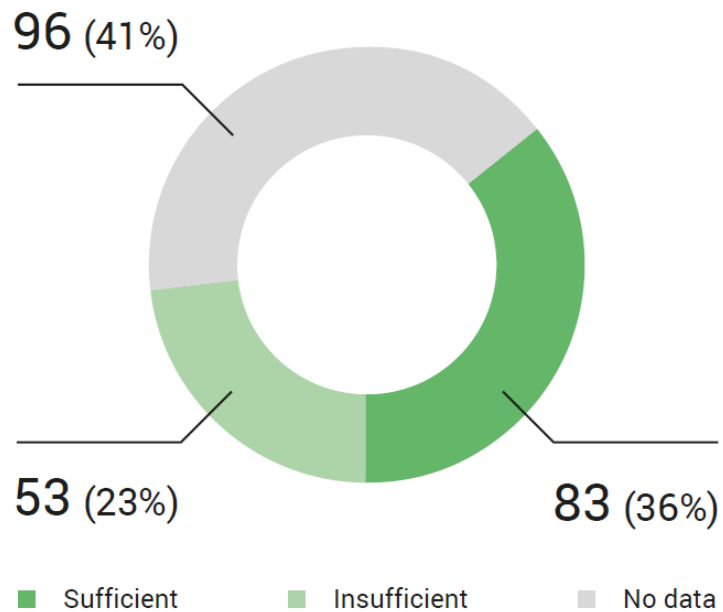
Bridging disparities on science, technology and information across countries



Significant digital divide can undermine regional growth and leave countries with special needs behind

Source: Asia and the Pacific SDG Progress Report 2019

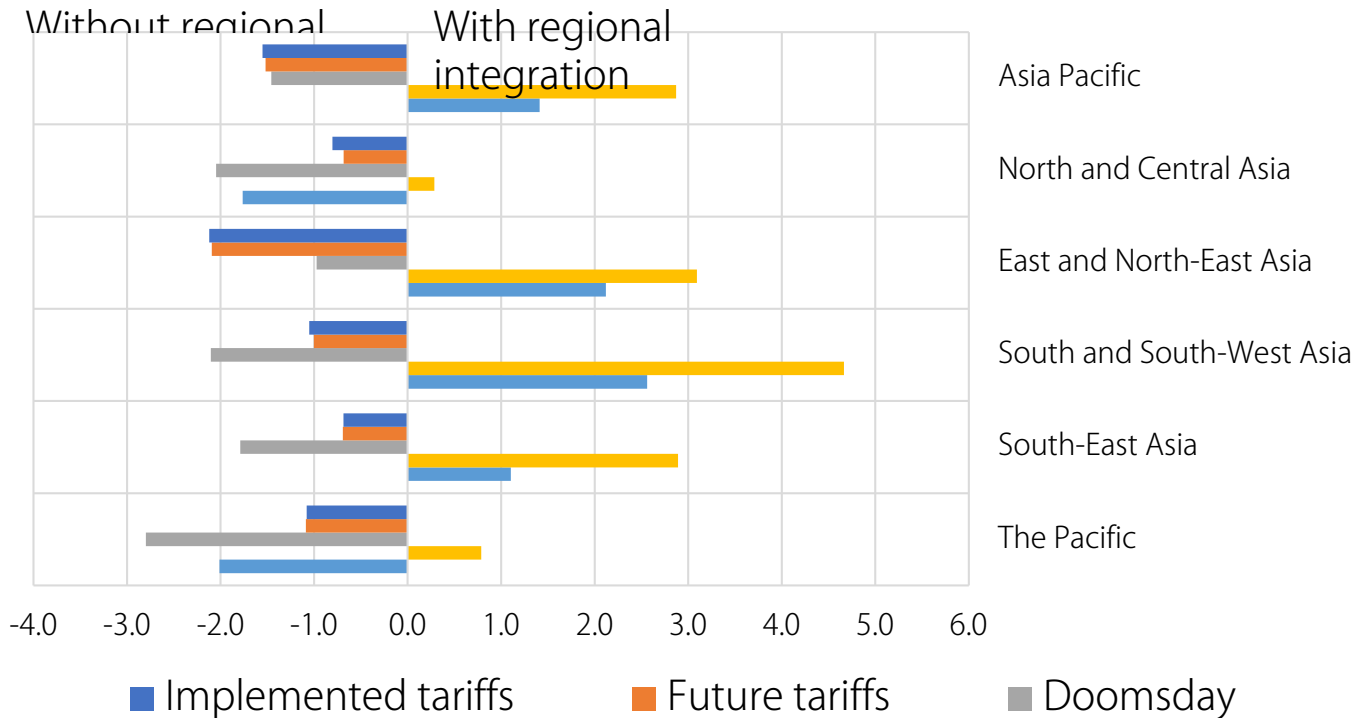
Improving availability and quality of data and statistics



Sufficient data for only 36% of the SDG indicators in Asia-Pacific

Source: Asia and the Pacific SDG Progress Report 2019

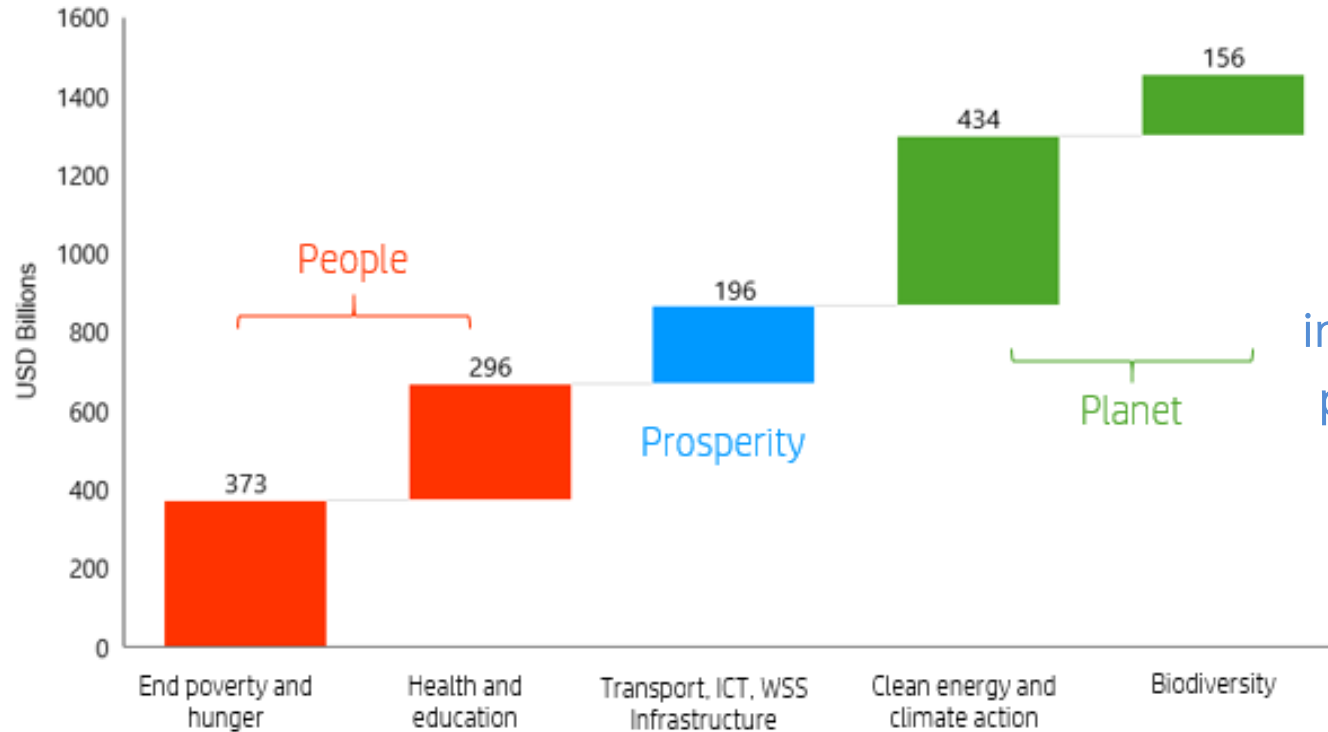
Continuing regional cooperation to weather trade tensions



2.7 million jobs can be lost to trade tensions

Source: Asia-Pacific Trade and Investment Report 2018

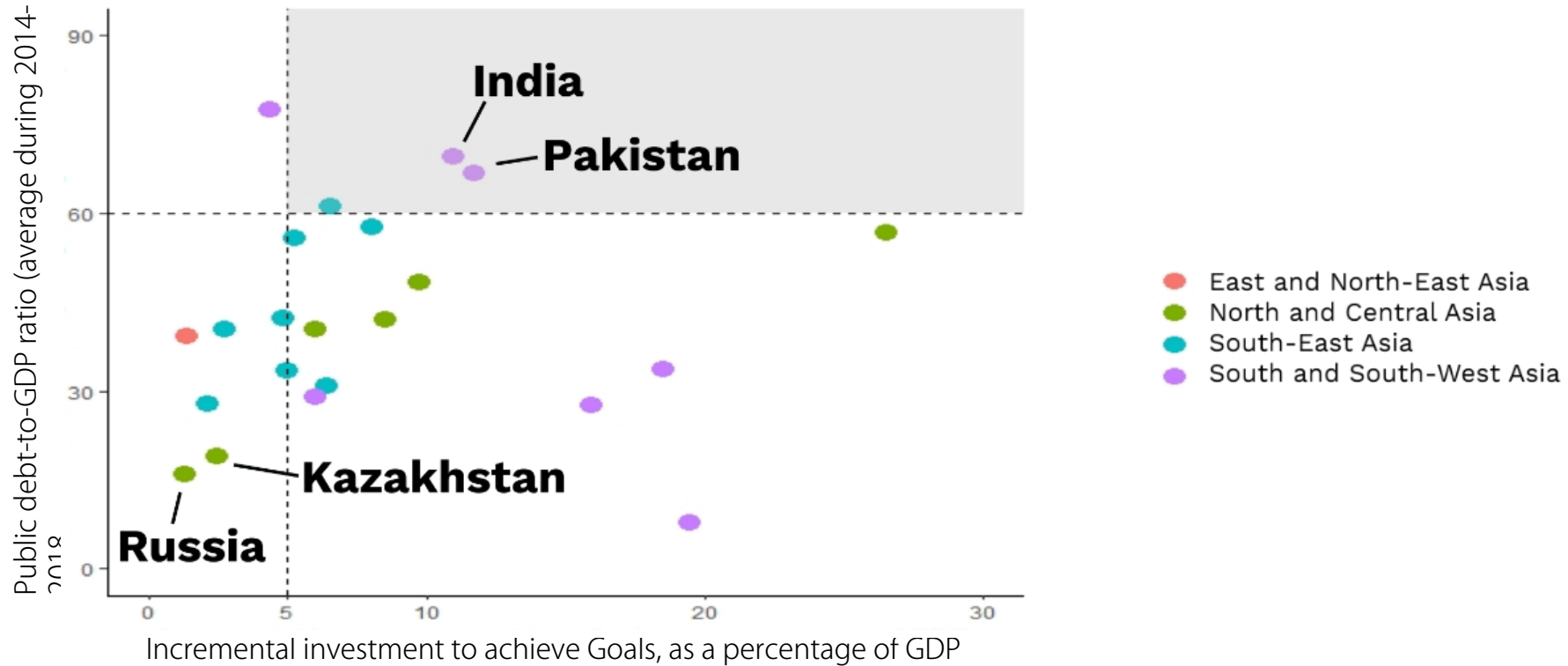
Ensuring adequate finance for the Goals



Asia-Pacific needs to invest \$1.5 trillions more per year to achieve the 2030 Agenda

Source: Social Economic Survey of Asia and the Pacific 2019

Most Asian countries can afford the investment



Source: Social Economic Survey of Asia and the Pacific 2019



3. WHAT IS THE WAY FORWARD?

With increased public spending on education, health and social protection to match the global average.



328 million people
will be lifted out of moderate poverty

52 million people
will be lifted out of extreme
poverty



5 more countries will
FULLY ERADICATE POVERTY by 2030.

Source: 2018 Social Outlook for Asia and the Pacific

With increased investment in **renewable energy** and
improving energy efficiency



Greenhouse gas emission will reduce
by almost 30% by 2030

About 2 million premature
deaths due to air pollution will be
avoided

Asia-Pacific will contribute to keeping global
temperature rise below 2 degrees Celsius

Source: Social Economic Survey of Asia and the Pacific 2019

4. EMPOWERING PEOPLE AND ENSURING INCLUSIVENESS AND EQUALITY



**HIGH-LEVEL POLITICAL FORUM
ON SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT**

Empowerment and greater inclusion to accelerate SDG Progress

- Empowerment and greater inclusion of vulnerable groups help **reduce inequality** and **accelerate progress** across SDGs.
- High Level Political Forum 2019 and Asia Pacific Forum on Sustainable Development 2019 call on **global solidarity** to shape societies which **empower, include** and provide **opportunities** for all.



ESCAP Publications 2018-19

